## CHAGAS: SILENT KILLER

Chagas disease is a neglected tropical disease caused by the Trypanosoma cruzi parasite.

It is spread mostly by insects known as Triatominae, or kissing bugs.

If left untreated, Chagas can cause serious problems to the heart and digestive system.

The kissing bug
(also known as
vinchuca, barbeiro,
pito, chinche,
chipo) carries
the parasite

The bug hides in the walls and under the roofs of mud and straw shacks

2

It bites people in their sleep and defecates close to the bite, causing them to contract the disease



The parasitic infection can also be transmitted by:

- contaminated food
- blood transfusions and organ transplants
- mother to child transmission

Acute phase (2 months)

Mild or no symptoms



Chronic asymptomatic phase (10-30 years)

No symptoms



## Chronic clinical phase

1 in 3 infected people develop heart and digestive system problems, which may lead to **death** 

**6-7**M people affected worldwide



12,000 people die each year from this disease



Only

1 OUT OF 10

are diagnosed

75 MILLION people live at risk of contracting Chagas in Latin America

Once entirely confined to Latin America, Chagas has since spread to other continents as a result of migration

CONTROL & PREVENTION

Spray houses and surrounding areas with insecticides to eliminate the bugs



Screen blood and organ donors



Screen all pregnant women and children of infected mothers



TREATMENT \_





## Recommended for:

- All infants with congenital infection
- · All adults during the early chronic phase
- · All women of childbearing age

During the late chronic phase, additional lifelong medical treatment and surgery are usually indicated.



