



Cardiovascular Disease Scorecards – Africa

MOZAMBIQUE – JULY 2020

Status of Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) and Non-communicable diseases (NCD)

Country Demographics





of population living in rural areas 60% (Sub-Sahara Africa) **0.16%** of total mortality caused by **RHD**

Global data: 0.51%



No Data

of premature CVD mortality attributable to **tobacco** Global data: **10%**

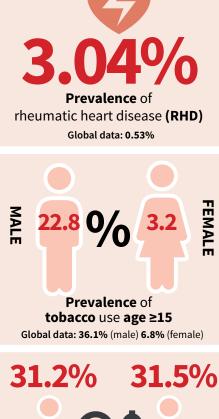
1.13%





of **deaths** caused by CVD Global data: **31.8**%







of population with raised **blood pressure** (SBP ≥140 or DBP ≥90) Global data: 24.1% (male) 20.1% (female)

> **26%** بي

of population with raised total **cholesterol** (≥5.0 mmol/L) Global data: 38.9%

7.49/0 Prevalence of diabetes (ages 20-79) 3.9% (Africa)

9.7%



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WORLD HEART FEDERATION	AMO COR	www.worldheart.org www.pascar.org
MOZAMBIQUE Health System Capacity KEY: No data	1 2	
Clinical Practice and Guidelines Locally-relevant (national or subnational level): Clinical tool to assess CVD risk Guidelines for treatment of tobacco dependence Guidelines for treatment of tobacco dependence The detection and management of atrial fibrillation The detection and management of acute rheumatic fever The detection and management of rheumatic heart disease The detection and management of rheumatic heart disease CVD prevention (within the last 5 years) A system to measure the quality of care provided to people who have suffered acute cardiac events		
NCD and their risk factors Rheumatic heart disease p and control as a priority • A national surveillance sys	olan that addresses:	Stakeholder actionNon-governmental organizations' advocacy for CVD policies and programmesprogrammesCivil society involved in developing and implementing of national CVD prevention and control plan

For more information, please email info@worldheart.org info@pascar.org

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Source References: Global Health Data Exchange; WHO Global Health Observatory data repository; WHO NCD Document repository; Country specific publications.