





Cardiovascular Disease Scorecards – Africa

TANZANIA - DECEMBER 2018

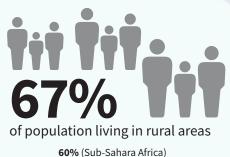
Status of Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) and Non-communicable diseases (NCD)

Country Demographics



LOW





60% (Sub-Sahara Africa)

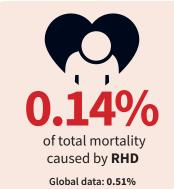


8.4%



Prevalence of obese adults (BMI of ≥30 kg/m2)
Global data: 13.1%

12.91% of deaths caused by CVD Global data: 31.8%





of premature CVD mortality attributable to **tobacco**

Global data: 10%

1.43%



1.01%
Prevalence of rheumatic heart disease (RHD)

Global data: 0.53%



tobacco use age ≥15
Global data: 36.1% (male) 6.8% (female)

26.6% 27.7%

MALE

PEMALE

of population with raised **blood pressure** (SBP ≥140 or DBP ≥90) Global data: 24.1% (male) 20.1% (female)

23.7%

الي

of population with raised total **cholesterol** (≥5.0 mmol/L)

Global data: 38.9%

5.8%

Prevalence of diabetes (ages 20-79)
3.3% (Africa)

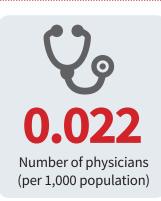








Health System Capacity







KEY:

No data



Not in place



In process/ partially implemented



In place



Clinical Practice and Guidelines	
Locally-relevant (national or subnational level):	
Clinical tool to assess CVD risk	
Guidelines for treatment of tobacco dependence	
Clinical Guidelines for:	
The detection and management of atrial fibrillation • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
The detection and management of acute rheumatic fever • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
The detection and management of rheumatic heart disease	0
CVD prevention (within the last 5 years)	
A system to measure the quality of care provided to people who have suffered acute cardiac events	

Stakeholder actionNon-governmental

For more information, please email info@worldheart.org info@pascar.org info@tcs.or.tz